

Topic - Chocolate (Geography focus)



Knowledge Outcomes:

During Year 2 pupils should be taught to:

Locational knowledge

- name and locate the world's seven continents

Place knowledge

- understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country (*Brazil*)

Human and physical geography

- identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator (*Cocoa growing countries*)
- use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:
- key physical features, including: beach, cliff, **coast**, **forest**, **hill**, **mountain**, sea, ocean, **river**, **soil**, **valley**, **vegetation**, **season** and **weather**
- key human features, including: **city**, **town**, **village**, **factory**, **farm**, **house**, office, **port**, **harbour** and **shop**

Geographical skills and fieldwork

- use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage. (*Locate cocoa-growing countries*)

Learning Journey:

- How and when were cocoa beans first used?
- How has the production of chocolate developed over time?
- Where does cocoa come from?
- What is the journey from bean to bar?
- What is life like in a typical cocoa-growing village?
- What is life like for a cocoa farmer?
- What is so good about Fairtrade?

Wider Curriculum:

Children will be reading and learning through the book 'Charlie and the Chocolate Factory' by Roald Dahl as part of book term. They will be designing and making chocolate bars and packaging in DT.

Key Vocabulary	
Spelling	Definition / Sentence
Brazil	A country in South America, where cocoa beans are grown.
Cocoa Bean	The seed of the cacao tree that is used to make chocolate.
Equator	The Equator is an imaginary circle around Earth. It divides Earth into two equal parts: the Northern Hemisphere and the Southern Hemisphere.
Continent	A continent is a large solid area of land. Earth has seven continents.
Export	Commodities (goods or services) sold to a foreign country.
Fairtrade	Fair trade is a worldwide movement that aims to help farmers and producers in less economically developed countries (LEDs).
Cocoa Farmer	Farmers who earn their living from growing and selling cocoa beans.

