

## Geography - Out and About (Our Local Area)



### Knowledge Outcomes:

During Year 2 pupils should be taught to:

#### Human and physical geography

- Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key human features, including: city, **town**, **village**, factory, farm, **house**, office, port, harbour and **shop**

#### Geographical skills and fieldwork

- Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage
- Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map
- Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key
- Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.

### Learning Journey:

- I can understand what our local area is like.
- I can observe what my local area is like.
- What was the importance of the trains in Radstock?
- I can observe what my local area is like. I can describe where things are on a map.
- I can understand different types of housing in the local area.
- Can I create a leaflet about Radstock?

### Wider Curriculum:

Children will be exploring the local area, with a class walk around Writhlington and Radstock. They will identify key features and use what they have found to continue their learning, back in the classroom.

### Oracy

**Lesson 1 & 3:** Express own views on the environment and give reasoned explanations for improvements.

**Lesson 3:** Use argument and opinion in discussion - Use Onion grouping.

### Key Vocabulary

Spelling	Definition / Sentence
city	A large town.
town	A town is a place with many streets and buildings, where people live and work. Towns are larger than villages and smaller than cities.
village	A village consists of a group of houses, together with other buildings such as a church and a school, in a country area.
compass	A compass is an instrument that you use for finding directions. It has a dial and a magnetic needle that always points to the north.
key	The key on a map is a list of the symbols used and their meanings.
symbols	A symbol of something is a shape that is used to represent it.
location	A location is the place where something happens or is situated.
Radstock	Radstock is a town in Somerset, England.
Writhlington	Writhlington is a suburb of Radstock
United Kingdom	The United Kingdom, made up of England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland, is an island nation in north-western Europe.

